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Conſtantinople, January 23.

REports vary again about the State of Things in Perſia; it is now much doubted if the Ottoman Ambaſſador has had his Audiences of the Shaugh, whoſe real Deſigns ſeem ſtill very uncertain: He is ſaid to be ſomewhere about Tabreez. The Orders about the Dreſs of Chriſtians and Jews are again renewed, certain Colours and Furs, and particular Faſhions, of which is a great Variety here, are forbid them, and thoſe who are found tranſgreſſing, are carried to the Vizier's Palace, where their Cloaths are cut to Pieces, and they are baſtinaded. The Druggomans and immediate Dependance of the Foreign Miniſters are diſpenſed with. The Tunis Rovers incommode greatly the French Navigation in theſe Seas, and have taken ſome Veſſels in the very Ports of the Morea and Archipelago. One of them, after having done a great deal of Miſchief, ſhut up ſeveral French Veſſels in the Port of Scio. It is ſaid, that upon Application to the Porte, a Frigate is departing to order them to quit theſe Seas.

Petersbourg, Feb. 8. The Czarina has ordered every thing to be ready by the 20th of this Month for her Journey to Moſcow. M. Lillielfeldt, who accompanied Prince Lewis as far as Mittau, returned hither the 6th. The Prince was permitted to ſee his Brother and Siſter in Law at Riga, but they are not allowed to ſee one another. The two Children of the late Princeſs Regent have had the Small Pox there, and are recovered. Mr. Finch, late Miniſter Plenipotentiary from his Britannick Majeſty, having had his Audiences of Leave of the Czarina, ſet out from hence this Afternoon on his Return home.

Vienna, Feb. 28, *N. S.* There is no other News from Bavaria, except that Count Khevenhuller has made a Detachment of four Regiments of Foot, and two of Horſe, to reinforce Prince Charles and Prince Lobkowitz, in order to enable them to put a Stop to the King of Pruſſia's Progreſs in Moravia and Lower Auſtria. M. Polaſtron, with the 3000 French under his Command, is retired out of Moravia to join Marſhal Broglio. This Court has now in its Service, of the Hungarian Inſurrection, ſix Regiments of Infantry amounting to 18000 Men, four of Cavalry 4000, Portaliſts 2000, Nobility 10000, three old Regiments of Hungarian Infantry 9000, eight Regiments of Huſſars 8000, Croates of Waradin 8000, ditto of Carlſtadt 9000, Slavonians 3000, Pandours, Raſcians, &c. 3000, in all Seventy-four Thouſand.

Berlin, March 6. The Auſtrian Huſſars have lately carried off two of the King of Pruſſia's Poſtillions, who were bringing Letters to this Place. The laſt Accounts we had of his Pruſſian Majeſty were from Znaim, but he is ſoon expected at Olmutz, and 'tis ſaid, he will be here towards the End of this Month, but that is very uncertain.

Dreſden, March 7. There is Advice that a Pruſſian Regiment has been cut to Pieces by the Huſſars in Upper Sileſia, where the Inhabitants of the Krapach Mountains, who live in thoſe Frontiers by running of Salt, have, on obtaining an Amneſty from the Court of Vienna, formed a Corps of 5 or 6000 Men for the Service of the Houſe of Auſtria.

Hague, March 15. It is reported here, that the King of Pruſſia had retreated to Olmutz; and we have Advice that Marſhal Broglio had abandoned Piſeck and Frauenberg.

Whitehall, March 1ſt, 1741-2.

Whereas a moſt barbarous Murder, was committed on Saturday the 9th Day of January laſt paſt, upon the Bodies of Edward Saunders, an Inhabitant of Simpſon, in the County of Buckingham, and an Out Penſioner of Chelſea Hoſpital, aged Seventy eight Years, and of George Foſter, an Infant of Nine Years old, in a Booth or Hutt erected by the ſaid Edward Saunders, contiguous to the High Road that leads from London to Weſt-Cheſter, oppoſite to a Wood, called Rickley Wood, in the Pariſh of Bletchly, in the County aforeſaid; His Majeſty for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſons concerned therein, is pleaſed to promiſe his moſt gracious Pardon to any one of them (except the Perſon who actually committed the ſaid Murder) who ſhall diſcover his Accomplice or Accomplices, and alſo a Reward of Fifty Pounds to ſuch Perſon or Perſons making ſuch Diſcovery (except the Murderer as aforeſaid) payable upon the Conviction of ſuch Offender or Offenders.

CARTERET.

Navy Office, March 4, 1741.

By the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy.

Theſe are to give Notice, that on Wedneſday the 31ſt Inſtant, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, this Board will be ready to treat with ſuch Perſons as are willing to ſerve his Majeſty's Yard at Deptford with Engliſh Canvas, that they may attend with their Propoſals at that Time.

Victualling Office, March 8, 1741.

The Commiſſioners for Victualling His Majeſty's Navy, give Notice, That on Wedneſday the 31ſt Inſtant, at Ten o'Clock preciſely in the Forenoon, they will be ready to treat with ſuch Perſons as are inclinable to furniſh White and Bay Salt, as alſo Hambourg Pipe and Hogſhead Staves, and Iron Hoops, for the Service of His Majeſty's Navy.

Equivalent Houſe, March 3, 1741.

The Court of Directors of the Equivalent Company give Notice, That a General Court of the ſaid Company will be held at their Houſe in Freman's Court in Cornhill, London, on Wedneſday the 5th of May next, for the Election of thirteen Directors, according to the Charters; which will continue by Ballot from Nine to Twelve o'Clock in the Forenoon of the ſaid Day, after which no Liſts will be taken in; and the Election will be declared immediately after the Scrutiny. That the Transfer Books of the ſaid Company will be ſhut on Wedneſday the 21ſt of April, and continue ſo till Wedneſday the 12th of May; and Liſts of Members of the ſaid Company will be ready to be delivered at their Houſe in Freeman's Court in Cornhill, London, on Wedneſday the 28th of April next.

James Mathias, *Sec.*